# CITY OF LINCOLN, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

### City of Lincoln, Illinois Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

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### Estes, Bridgewater & Ogden

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor And City Council City of Lincoln, Illinois

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln, Illinois as of April 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules of funding progress and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lincoln, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, comparative statements of financial position — sewer fund, comparative statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position — sewer fund, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, comparative statements of financial position — sewer fund, and comparative statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position — sewer fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Estes, Budgenater + Popolen

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 26, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Lincoln, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Lincoln, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants Springfield, Illinois

December 26, 2017

### Estes, Bridgewater & Ogden

LORI K. MILOSEVICH, C.P.A., C.F.E. TERRI L. PHELPS, C.P.A. JAMES C. LEGG, C.P.A.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor And City Council City of Lincoln, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lincoln, Illinois' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2017.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Lincoln, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lincoln, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lincoln, Illinois' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lincoln, Illinois' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Estes, Bridgenater + Pgolan

Certified Public Accountants Springfield, Illinois

December 26, 2017

### City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES April 30, 2017

There are no findings to report at April 30, 2017.

## City of Lincoln, Illinois SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Prior Year Findings April 30, 2017

There were no findings to report at April 30, 2016.

### City of Lincoln, Illinois STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2017

	Primary	Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Assets			
CURRENT ASSETS	A 0 400 504	<b>#</b> 1.054.000	A 0 454 010
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,409,504 240,150	\$ 1,064,808 272,505	\$ 3,474,312 512,655
Investments	531,283	212,303	531,283
Accounts receivable	331,203	521,096	521,096
Taxes receivable	1,808,650	021,050	1,808,650
Prepaid expenses	7,880		7,880
Due from other governments	1,624,349		1,624,349
Total Current Assets	6,621,816	1,858,409	8,480,225
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Capital assets, not being depreciated	6,090,325	_	6,090,325
Property and equipment	23,853,442	-	23,853,442
Utility systems		<u>16,404,778</u>	<u>16,404,778</u>
Total Cost of Capital Assets	29,943,767	16,404,778	46,348,545
Less accumulated depreciation	( <u>12,133,276</u> )	( <u>9,230,351</u> )	( 21,363,627)
Net Capital Assets	17.810.491	7.174.427	<u>24,984,918</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	24,432,307	9,032,836	33,465,143
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	5,479,929		5,479,929
			0(11)()23
Liabilities and Net Position			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	18,606	4,292	22,898
Current portion - notes and bonds payable	<u>360,584</u>	545,000	545,000
Total Current Liabilities	379,190	549,292	567,898
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Notes and bonds payable (less current portion)	2,753,639	3,370,000	6,123,639
Net pension liability	31,234,925	*	31,234,925
OPEB obligation	925,947	<u> 75,777</u>	1,001,724
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	34,914,511	<u>3,445,777</u>	38,360,288
TOTAL LIABILITIES	35,293,701	3,995,069	<u>39,288,770</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	8,083,251		8,083,251
Unearned revenues – property taxes	1,808,650		1,808,650
Unearned revenues - other	51,490	-	51,490
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,943,391		9,943,391
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	14,696,268	3,259,427	17,955,695
Restricted	240,150	272,505	512,655
Unrestricted	( 30,261,274)	1,505,835	( <u>28,755,439</u> )
TOTAL NET POSITION	(\$ <u>15,324,856</u> )	\$ <u>5,037,767</u>	(\$ <u>10,287,089</u> )

City of Lincoln, Illinois STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

sition	(\$ 2,245,484) (\$ 5,440,132) (\$ 10,000) (\$ 1,316,678) (\$ 9,109,895)	758,725	(8351,170)	910,311 204,138 73,297 3,698,956 1,367,551 307,735 631,891 229,545 144,176 21,411 9,736 ( 50,000) 3,959,818 42,125 11,550,690 3,199,520 ( 13,486,609)
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Business- type Activities	69 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	758,725	758,725	1,528 7,834 9,362 768,087 4,269,680
an Governmental Activities	(\$ 2245,484) (\$ 5,440,132) (\$ 10,000) (\$ 1,316,678) (\$ 97,601) (\$ 9,109,892)		( 9,109,895)	910,311 204,138 73,297 3,698,956 1,367,551 307,735 631,891 229,545 144,176 21,411 8,208 (,5000) 3,959,818 34,291 11,541,328 2,431,433 (,17,756,289) (,17,756,289)
Capital Grants and Contributions	69	•	*	
Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 33,405 817,626 <u>851,031</u>		\$ 851.031	urposes
Charges for Services	\$ 611,297 115,621 726,918	3,107,319	\$ 3.834.237	evenues:  Property taxes, levied for general purposes Replacement taxes Road and bridge taxes Sales and use taxes Income taxes Income taxes Utility taxes Video gaming taxes Video gaming taxes Hotel/motel taxes Chher taxes est income sifer to Police Pension uds and reimbursements r income Total general revenues Inct position Inct position Inct position Income Total general revenues Inct position Inct position Income Total general revenues
Expenses	(\$ 2,856,781) (\$589,158) (\$ 10,000) (\$ 2,134,304) (\$ 97,601) (\$ 10,687,844)	( 2348.594)	(\$13,036,438)	General revenues:  Taxes: Property taxes, levied for g Replacement taxes Road and bridge taxes Sales and use taxes Income taxes Telecomnunications taxes Utility taxes Video gaming taxes Hotel/motel taxes Other taxes Interest income Transfer to Police Pension Refunds and reimbursements Other income Total general revenues Change in net position Net Position – Beginning
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:	Governmental activities: Governmental activities: General government. Public safety Economic development. Public works. Interest on long-term debt	Business-type activities: Sewer Utility	Total Primary Government	

City of Lincoln, Illinois
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
April 30, 2017

A.SSETS.	General	Motor Fuel Tax	TIF	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents  Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 945,134 225,881 531,283 1,636,150 1,592,593 7,880	31,756	\$ 56,998	\$1,008,127 14,269 172,500	\$2,409,504 240,150 531,283 1,808,650 1,624,349 7,880
TOTAL ASSETS	\$4.938.921	\$ 431.001	\$ 56.998	\$1,194,896	\$6,621,816
Liabilities and Fund Balances LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred income	\$ 9,888	\$ 8,718	€9	\$ 172,500	\$ 18,606 1,860,140
Total Liabilities	1,697,528	8,718	3	172,500	1,878,746
RUND BALANCES  Restricted for  Debt service  Special projects  Unassigned:	225,881	422,283	56,998	14,269	14,269
General fund.	3,015,512	-	1		3,015,512
Total Fund Balances	3.241,393	422,283	26,998	1.022.396	4,743,070
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$4,938,921	S 431,001	\$ 56,998	\$1,194,896	\$6,621,816

## City of Lincoln, Illinois RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,743,070
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	17,810,491
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds since they so not provide current financial resources	5,479,929
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds since the do not use current financial resources	( 8,083,251)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
T.I.F. G.O. bond payable	( 2,195,000) ( 498,000) ( 421,223) ( 925,947) ( 31,234,925)
Net position of governmental activities	(\$ <u>15,324,856</u> )

City of Lincoln, Illinois
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL, FUNDS
For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

Other Total Governmental Governmental Funds Funds	02 \$ 164,922 \$ 910,311	995 115,582 2,335,194 - 3,476,288 - 1,612,285 - 10,000 - 10,000 3,717,078 - 3,154,035 3,154,035 - 3,577,019 14,788,849
TIF	80 80 89	38. 00. 09. 187.
Motor Fuel Tax	367,626	782,979
General Corporate	\$ 706,587 204,138 73,297 3,698,956 1,367,551 307,735 21,411 5,839 233,903 115,621 115,621 115,621 115,621	2,218,617 3,476,288 829,306 3,717,078
	REVENUES: Property taxes Replacement taxes. Replacement taxes. Road and bridge taxes. Sales and use taxes. Income taxes. Motor fuel taxes. Hotel/motel taxes. Utility taxes Video gaming taxes. Other taxes. Interest income. Charges for services. Fines and forfeitures. Licenses and permits. Refunds and reimbursements.	EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government. Public safety Public works Economic Development Capital Projects/Improvements Debt service: Principal Interest Capital outlay Total Expenditures.

(Continued)

City of Lincoln, Illinois
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

Statement 4

Total Governmental Funds	( 5,575,945)	176,567 ( 226,567)	33,405 1,043,590 450,000	693,832 2,429,365	4,600,192	( 975,753)	5.718.823	S 4,743,070
Other Governmental Funds	( 3,017,204)	1 16	1 10 1	693,832 2,429,365	3,123,197	105,993	916,403	\$ 1,022,396
TIF	(148,729)	176,567	r % t	1 1	176,567	27,838	29,160	\$ 56,998
Motor Fuel Tax	()	(6.1	1 27 5	. Al.	*	( 158,607)	580,890	\$ 422,283
General	( 2251,405)	( 226,567)	33,405 1,043,590 450,000	**	1,300,428	(776,056 )	4,192,370	\$ 3,241,393
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	Grant proceeds	Loan/Bond proceeds.	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING,,,,,,,	FUND BALANCE – ENDING

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### City of Lincoln, Illinois

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES April 30, 2017

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	(\$ 975,753)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year:	
Capital Outlays  Depreciation	6,639,351 ( 737,070)
The increase in OPEB obligation resulting from annual required contributions in excess of the contributions do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the funds	( 314,651)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Net Pension Liability/Deferred Outflows	( 1,872,993)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, loans, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	
Repayment of notes payable	133,381 253,000 ( <u>693,832</u> )
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u>2,431,433</u>

Statement 5

## City of Lincoln, Illinois STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2017

	Sewer
Assets	<u>Fund</u>
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,064,808
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	272,505
Accounts receivable	521,096
Total Current Assets	<u>1,858,409</u>
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Sewerage system	16,404,778
Less: Accumulated depreciation	( 9,230,351)
Net Capital Assets	7,174,427
	7,17-1,127
TOTAL ASSETS	9,032,836
Liabilities and Net Position	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	4,292
Notes and bonds payable - current portion	545,000
Total Current Liabilities	549,292
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
Notes and bonds payable (less current portion)	3,370,000
Bond premium	<u>75,777</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>3,445,777</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,995,069
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	3,183,650
Restricted	1,149,892
Unrestricted	704,225
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ <u>5,037,767</u>

Statement 6

## City of Lincoln, Illinois STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	Sewer Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 3,107,319
Other income	7,834
Total Operating Revenues	3,115,153
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel service	81,310
Contractual maintenance	1,324,898
Supplies and materials	12,566
Other fees and charges	26,819
Depreciation	445,195
Repairs and maintenance	87,316
Office supplies	2,115
Postage	15,962
Telephone	735
Insurance	4,088
Pacility utilities	252,790
Total Operating Expenses	2,253,794
Net Operating Income	861,359
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	1,528
Interest (expense)	( 94,800)
Operating transfers in	641,375
Operating transfers (out)	( 641,375)
Total Nonoperating (Expenses)	( 93,272)
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	768,087
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	4.269.680
NET POSITION – ENDING	\$ <u>5,037,767</u>

### City of Lincoln, Illinois STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

		Sewer Fund
		rang
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	4.01	05.500
Collections from customers	\$ 3,3	307,502
Other incomePayments for personnel services	(	7,834 81,310)
Payments for goods and services	-	(22 <u>,997)</u>
	·	<del>,,,,,</del>
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	_1,5	11,029
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating transfers in	6	41,375
Operating transfers (out)	(6	<u>(41,375</u> )
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	( 3	42,077)
Principal paid on bonds	•	35,000)
Interest paid on bonds		05,625)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(9	<u>82,702</u> )
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income		1,528
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5	29,855
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	8	07,458
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ <u>1.3</u>	<u>37,313</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USEI OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	FOR)	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 8	61,359
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	4	45,195
Changes in assets and liabilities:	4	06 600
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	1	96,623
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		3,560
(Increase) decrease in accounts payable		4,292
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ <u>1.5</u>	11,029

## City of Lincoln, Illinois STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS April 30, 2017

<u>Assets</u>	Pension Police Pension	Trust Funds Pirefighters' Pension	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,675 9,387,790 18,297	\$ 434,534 5,105,014 <u>37,769</u>	\$ 471,209 14,492,804 56,066
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>9,442,762</u>	\$ <u>5,577,317</u>	\$ <u>15,020,079</u>
Liabilities and Net Position			
LIABILITIES	\$	\$	\$
NET POSITION  Reserved for employee retirement commitments	9,442,762	5,577,317	15,020,079
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ <u>9,442,762</u>	\$ <u>5,577,317</u>	\$ <u>15,020,079</u>

## City of Lincoln, Illinois STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS April 30, 2017

Police   Pension   Pension   Total		Pension Trust Funds		
ADDITIONS  Contributions:  Employer – property taxes			_	
Contributions:   Supplying taxes   Supplying t		<u>Pension</u>	Pension	Total
Bimployer - property taxes   \$463,984 \$419,649 \$883,633				
Employer – replacement taxes       54,157       48,982       103,139         Bmployer – utility taxes       108,790       132,936       241,726         Employee       160,086       120,769       280,855         Investment income       396,416       11,493       407,909         Unrealized gain on investments       245,565       87,986       333,551         Transfer from General Fund       - 50,000       50,000         Total Additions       1,428,998       871,815       2,300,813         DEDUCTIONS         Benefit payments       1,311,371       1,052,204       2,363,575         Administrative expenses       37,129       20,703       57,832         Total Deductions       1,348,500       1,072,907       2,421,407         NET INCREASE (DECREASE)       80,498       ( 201,092)       ( 120,594)         NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR       9,362,264       5,778,409       15,140,673	Contributions:			
Employer – replacement taxes       54,157       48,982       103,139         Bmployer – utility taxes       108,790       132,936       241,726         Employee       160,086       120,769       280,855         Investment income       396,416       11,493       407,909         Unrealized gain on investments       245,565       87,986       333,551         Transfer from General Fund       - 50,000       50,000         Total Additions       1,428,998       871,815       2,300,813         DEDUCTIONS         Benefit payments       1,311,371       1,052,204       2,363,575         Administrative expenses       37,129       20,703       57,832         Total Deductions       1,348,500       1,072,907       2,421,407         NET INCREASE (DECREASE)       80,498       ( 201,092)       ( 120,594)         NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR       9,362,264       5,778,409       15,140,673	Employer property taxes	\$ 463,984	\$ 419,649	\$ 883,633
Employer – utility taxes       108,790       132,936       241,726         Employee	Employer - replacement taxes	54,157	48,982	103,139
Employee       160,086       120,769       280,855         Investment income       396,416       11,493       407,909         Unrealized gain on investments       245,565       87,986       333,551         Transfer from General Fund       -       50,000       50,000         Total Additions       1,428,998       871,815       2,300,813         DEDUCTIONS         Benefit payments       1,311,371       1,052,204       2,363,575         Administrative expenses       37,129       20,703       57,832         Total Deductions       1,348,500       1,072,907       2,421,407         NET INCREASE (DECREASE)       80,498       (201,092)       (120,594)         NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR       9,362,264       5,778,409       15,140,673		108,790	132,936	241,726
Investment income		160,086	120,769	280,855
Unrealized gain on investments       245,565       87,986       333,551         Transfer from General Fund       50,000       50,000         Total Additions       1,428,998       871,815       2,300,813         DEDUCTIONS         Benefit payments       1,311,371       1,052,204       2,363,575         Administrative expenses       37,129       20,703       57,832         Total Deductions       1,348,500       1,072,907       2,421,407         NET INCREASE (DECREASE)       80,498       (201,092)       (120,594)         NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS - BEGINNING OF YEAR       9,362,264       5,778,409       15,140,673		396,416	11,493	407,909
Transfer from General Fund       50,000       50,000         Total Additions       1,428,998       871,815       2,300,813         DEDUCTIONS Benefit payments       1,311,371       1,052,204       2,363,575         Administrative expenses       37,129       20,703       57,832         Total Deductions       1,348,500       1,072,907       2,421,407         NET INCREASE (DECREASE)       80,498       ( 201,092)       ( 120,594)         NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR       9,362,264       5,778,409       15,140,673		245,565	87,986	333,551
Total Additions.         1,428,998         871,815         2,300,813           DEDUCTIONS Benefit payments	Transfer from General Fund		•	•
DEDUCTIONS				
DEDUCTIONS	Total Additions	1,428,998	871.815	2,300,813
Benefit payments				
Administrative expenses       37,129       20,703       57,832         Total Deductions       1,348,500       1,072,907       2,421,407         NET INCREASE (DECREASE)       80,498       ( 201,092)       ( 120,594)         NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR       9,362,264       5,778,409       15,140,673	DEDUCTIONS			
Administrative expenses       37,129       20,703       57,832         Total Deductions       1,348,500       1,072,907       2,421,407         NET INCREASE (DECREASE)       80,498       ( 201,092)       ( 120,594)         NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR       9,362,264       5,778,409       15,140,673	Benefit payments	1.311.371	1.052.204	2,363,575
Total Deductions         1,348,500         1,072,907         2,421,407           NET INCREASE (DECREASE)         80,498         ( 201,092)         ( 120,594)           NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR         9,362,264         5,778,409         15,140,673		2		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)         80,498         ( 201,092)         ( 120,594)           NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR         9,362,264         5,778,409         15,140,673				
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)         80,498         ( 201,092)         ( 120,594)           NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR         9,362,264         5,778,409         15,140,673	Total Deductions	1.348.500	1.072.907	2.421.407
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR	1000 Samerallo lillinniinniinniinniinniinniinniinniinn	101000	11011111201	201101
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR	NET INCREASE (DECREASE)	80,498	( 201,092)	( 120,594)
PENSION BENEFITS – BEGINNING OF YEAR	· · ·	·		•
	NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR			
	PENSION BENEFITS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,362,264	5,778,409	15,140,673
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR				
	NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR			
PENSION BENEFITS - END OF YEAR	PENSION BENEFITS - END OF YEAR	\$ 9.442.762	\$ 5,577,317	\$15.020.079

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Lincoln, Illinois (the "City") was incorporated on February 16, 1865. The City operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public safety and public works.

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### A. - Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity includes its governing board and all related organizations for which the City exercises oversight responsibility.

The City has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies with activities which benefit the citizens of the City should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria includes, but is not limited to, whether the City exercises oversight responsibility (which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters), scope of and special financing relationships.

The City has determined that no other outside agency meets the above criteria. In addition, the City is not aware of any entity which would exercise such oversight on it in a manner in which the City would be considered its component unit.

#### B. - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not property included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

### C. - Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are intended to finance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenue (grants and shared revenue), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two bases for this revenue recognition. In one, monies are virtually unrestricted as to the purpose of expenditure and are nearly irrevocable; therefore, these amounts are recognized as revenue at the time of their receipt or earlier if they meet the criteria of availability. In the other, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenue is recognized based upon the expenditures recorded.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales and telecommunication taxes collected within 90 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures relating to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, telecommunications taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeits, miscellaneous revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Personal property replacement taxes are considered to be measurable when they have been collected and allocated by the state and are recognized as revenue at that time. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or accounts groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into generic fund types and broad fund categories.

Major funds are funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities (excluding extraordinary items) are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5% of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds. The identification and separate reporting of major funds serves to highlight financial activities which may be particularly important to financial statement users. Non-major funds are reported in aggregate in a separate column in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

### NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

### D. - Fund Accounting, (Continued)

### **Government Fund Types**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds.

### General Corporate Fund

The General Corporate Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes general administration as well as the Special Fire Department, Police Task Force, DARE, Drug Forfeiture, DUI, and ERT Programs. The General Fund is a major fund.

### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following Special Revenue Funds are maintained by the City:

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund receives and expends the City's allocations of the highway user revenue money. The amount available is allocated on a population basis, which is determined by the latest federal census. Money allocated to this fund must be used for street construction, reconstruction, and maintenance. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is a major fund.

The TIF District Fund is used to account for the activities relating to the Tax Increment Financing District. The TIF District Fund is a major fund.

The Revolving Loan Fund accounts for the Community Block Grant the City received. The Grant is to be used for the purpose of providing financial assistance to local businesses as approved by the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity.

Library Parking Lot – used to account for funding for parking lot

New City Garage – used to account for funds used for new garage

Hotel/Motel Tax - used to account for taxes received.

#### Internal Service Fund

The Equipment Rental Fund provides services to all funds on a fee basis.

#### Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

### D. - Fund Accounting, (Continued)

### Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, construction projects other than those for proprietary fund construction.

### **Proprietary Fund Types**

#### Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to that of private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Grants and interest income are considered as non-operating revenues for proprietary funds. The Sewer Fund is a major fund.

The Sewer Operations and Maintenance Fund accounts for the operation of the sewer system for the City.

The Contingency and Depreciation Fund is required to accumulate money for replacements and repairs to the system as may be necessary for the continued effective and efficient operation of the system.

### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. The following Fiduciary Funds are maintained by the City:

The Police Pension Fund receives contributions for participants of the plan from the City as well as the pension fund participants currently employed by the City. The fund accounts for the assets held in trust to be used for payment or retirement benefits.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund receives contributions for participants of the plan from the City as well as the pension fund participants currently employed by the City. The fund accounts for the assets held in trust to be used for payment or retirement benefits.

### E. - Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving value in return, include grants and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from grants and donations is recognized when received and eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

### F, - Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. Transfers are reported as "Other Financing Sources and Uses" in the governmental funds, as "Transfers In: by the recipient fund, and "Transfers Out" by the disbursing fund.

On the governmental funds balance sheet, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loan receivable/payables." These amounts are eliminated on the statement of net position.

### G. - Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary and similar fund types, the City considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all City funds instead, certain funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in a common checking account, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

### H. - Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported on the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements,

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not. Depreciation is computed on the straight line basis over a period of from 5 to 40 years based on asset class.

#### I. - Compensated Absences

The City does not record compensatory time for sick and vacation time.

#### J. - Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as contributions awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded when earned by the City.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

### K. - Adoption of new GASB pronouncements

During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, the City implemented the following GASB Pronouncements: GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This statement provides guidance for accounting for net pension liabilities, including definition of balances to be included in deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. The specific accounts impacting the City are detailed below.

Net pension liability—Previous standards defined pension liabilities in terms of the Annually Required Contribution. Statement No. 68 defines the net pension liability as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service, net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources—Statement No. 68 includes recognition of deferred inflows and outflows of resources associated with the difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. These differences are to be recognized in pension expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed five-year period. In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. This statement requires that contributions made by participating employers to pension plans after the Measurement Date for the Net Pension Liability but before the end of the financial statement period for the employer be reported as deferred outflows of resources.

### L. - Fund Balance/Net Position

#### Government-Wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consist of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

### L. - Fund Balance/Net Position, (Continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the City Council through approval of resolutions. Committed fund balance can be assigned for other uses only by similar action of the City Council. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the City Council. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories.

Proprietary fund net position is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it is the policy of the City to generally consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the city that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts. In both instances, when a proposed expenditure is made with specific balances identified as the source of the funding, that specific fund balance will be used.

#### M. - Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### N. - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April each year, the Finance Committee of the City Council submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing that May 1.
- 2. A copy of the proposed budget is placed on file with the City Clerk and a date for public hearings is announced.
- 3. The budget is passed by City Council.
- 4. The appropriation is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- 5. After adoption of the appropriation, further appropriations are prohibited. Transfers from one appropriation of any fund to another appropriation of the same fund, not affecting the total amount appropriated, may be made subject to City Council approval.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as management control device during the year for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund.
- 7. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds are adopted on a cash basis, which differs from the basis used for the financial statements. Budgeted amounts shown in the financial statements have been adjusted to reflect appropriation transfers between certain expenditure categories during the year; as a result, the final budget presented differs from that which was originally adopted.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

#### O. - Investments

Per Chapter 30, Act 235, Section 2 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the City of Lincoln may invest any public funds (1) in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills, or other securities issued, which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America as to principal and interest, or (2) in bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of the United States of America or its agencies, or (3) in interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit or time deposits, or any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act, or (4) in certain shortterm obligations of corporations organized in the United States limited to the terms set forth in Chapter 30, Act 235, Section 2 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, or (5) in money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio of any such money market mutual fund is limited to obligations described in Chapter 30, Act 235, Section 2 of the Illinois compiled Statutes. Investments may be made only in banks insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance corporation (FDIC), savings and loan associations insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance corporation, or credit unions charted under the laws of this state or the laws of the United States, provided the principal office of such credit union is located within the State of Illinois and the accounts re insured. The City follows the same investment policy for the pension trust funds. Investment balances, consisting of U.S. Treasury Notes and Bills, are stated at fair value. Assets of the different funds are commingled for investment purposes, where permitted, and investment earnings are prorated back to various funds when recognized as revenues. Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices at April 30, 2017. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

### P. - Transaction Between Funds

Transactions that would be treated as revenue, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the governmental unit are accounted for as revenue, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed.

#### Q. - Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all time deposits with a maturity of less than three months as cash and cash equivalents.

### R. - Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

### S, - Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

### **NOTE 2 – PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR**

The following information gives significant dates on the property tax calendar of the City.

- The property tax lien date is January 1, 2015.
- The annual tax levy ordinance for 2015 taxes received during fiscal year 2017 was passed December 2015.
- The first installment of property taxes is due to the County Collector on July 1 and the second installment is due to the County Collector on September 1.
- Significant amounts of property taxes for 2015 were distributed to the City in July and September of 2016,

The 2016 taxes are intended to fmance the 2017 fiscal year and are not considered available for current operations and are, therefore, shown as unavailable revenue. The 2017 tax levy has not been recorded as a receivable at April 30, 2017. Although the tax attached as a lien on property as of January 1, 2017, the tax will not be levied until December 2017, and, accordingly, is not measurable at April 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of deposits and investments as of April 30, 2017:

	Primary <u>Government</u>
Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,474,312
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	512,655
Investments	531,283
	4,518,250
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	471,209
Investments	14,492,804
	14,964,013
Total	\$ <u>19,482,263</u>

### NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, (CONTINUED)

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### A. - DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of April 30, 2017, \$-0- of the City's bank balance of \$5,270,357 (total book balance was \$4,458,176) was exposed to custodial credit risk.

### B. - INVESTMENTS

The Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a governmental investment fund created under the Illinois Municipal Code. IMET actively manages two investment funds for municipal treasurers. Official custodians of municipal funds, and other public agencies in the State of Illinois. Official custodians of municipal funds, and other public agencies in the State of Illinois. The funds are the IMET 1-3 Year Series and the IMET Convenience Series. The 1-3 Year Funds provides the highest U.S. Government Securities' rating.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the Pension Fund's investment policy, the Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio so that investments will have maturities to have available sufficient cash for all operating purposes.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Pension Fund's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk.

Custodial credit risk for investments in the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the IMET Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. IMET 1-3 Year Fund invests exclusively in U.S. government backed securities and provides the Highest U.S. Government Securities' rating. The IMET Convenience Fund is a short-term money market instrument collateralized via FDIC insurance, the FHLB LOC Program, and Government Securities at 110% on bank deposits.

Concentration of credit risk – At April 30, 2017, 100% of total investments were in Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investment in the Fund.

### NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, (CONTINUED)

#### POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUNDS

The City has adopted an investment policy to invest in instruments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The statutes allow pension funds to invest in the same securities as the City.

### A. - DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to them. To guard against credit risk for deposits with financial institutions the Pension Fund's investment policy requires all deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance be collateralized and held at an independent third party institution in the name of the Police and Fire Pension Fund and evidenced by a written collateral agreement.

### B. - INVESTMENTS

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the Pension Fund's investment policy, the Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio so that investments will have maturities to have available sufficient cash for all operating purposes.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Pension Fund's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk.

Custodial credit risk for investments in the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. Illinois Funds and the open ended mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. The Pension Fund's investment policy limits its exposure to custodial credit risk for investments by requiring the purchase of certificates of deposit from financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or the National Credit Union Administration.

Concentration of credit risk — The Pension Fund places no limit on the amount the Pension Fund may invest in any one issuer. The Pension Fund's investments consist of certificates of deposit, mutual funds, and corporate and municipal bonds.

### **NOTE 4-RESTRICTED ASSETS**

The City reports restricted cash in the Sewer Utility Fund due to the issuance of the IEPA notes in 2004 and in the Debt Service Fund for issuance of General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds issued in 2013 and various funds in the General Fund used for specific purposes.

### SEWER UTILITY FUND

The note payable to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency requires funding by the utility of certain reserve accounts. These reserve accounts are required to be segregated from other funds. The following accounts were so segregated at April 30, 2017:

Plant Contingency and Depreciation	\$ 112,450
Sewer and Drainage	<u>160,055</u>
Total	\$ <u>272,505</u>

The following requirements of these accounts are outlined as follows:

<u>Plant Contingency and Depreciation</u>, established to accumulate funds for payment of the cost of extraordinary maintenance, necessary repairs and replacements, or contingencies for which no other funds are available.

<u>Sewer and Drainage</u>, established to accumulate funds for the purpose of acquiring repairs, replacements or improvements for which no other funds are available.

#### GENERAL FUND AND DEBT SERVICE FUND

The General Fund has various restricted accounts that are restricted for law enforcement and the fire department as well as other accounts.

Police and Fire accounts Other	\$ 107,042 118,839
Total	\$ <u>225,881</u>

The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate the taxes received for the payment of the bonds and used solely and only for paying the bonds.

Debt Service Fund \$ 14,269

### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ending April 30, 2017 consists of the following:

Primary Government	May 1, 	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	A 104 OBC	A 75.005	•	Ø 000 100
Land	\$ 134,085	\$ 75,095	\$ -	\$ 209,180
Construction in progress, not being depreciated	440,751	5,440,395	gd.	5,881,146
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>574,836</u>	5,515,490		6,090,326
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	# 0 # D 4 D D	46,530		46,530
Streets/Traffic signals	7,958,492	733,575		8,692,067 8,905,544
Building and Improvements Vehicles	8,873,690 4,640,478	31,855 207,832		4,848,310
Equipment	1,256,921	104,070	_	1,360,990
Total assets being depreciated	22,729,581	1,123,861		23,853,442
Total capital assets	23,304,417	6,639,351	***	29,943,768
Less total accumulated depreciation	( <u>11,396,206</u> )	(	*	( 12.133.276)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,333,375	386,791		11,720,166
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ <u>11,908,211</u>	\$ <u>5,902,281</u>	\$	\$ <u>17,810,492</u>
Depreciation expense for the current year is \$737,070.				
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ <u>793,210</u>	\$ <u>17.447</u>	\$	\$ <u>810,657</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	793,210	17,447	ber .	810,657
Capital assets, being depreciated:	4.044.004	0.00 440		0 100 300
Utility services	1,846,021	257,112	<b>6</b>	2,103,133
Building and improvements	7,303,860 5,441,186	67,517	-	7,303,860 5,508,703
Equipment Vehicles	678,424	07,317	_	678,424
Total assets being depreciated	15,269,491	324,629		15,594,120
Tom more done, we produced				
Total capital assets	16,062,701	<u>342,076</u>		<u>16.404.777</u>
Less total accumulated depreciation	( _8,785,156)	( <u>445,195</u> )		( _9,230,351)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,484,335	(120,566)		6,363,769
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ <u>7,277.545</u>	(\$ <u>103,119</u> )	\$	\$ <u>7,174,426</u>
Depreciation expense for the current year is \$445,195.				

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS, (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: General government	\$195,169
Public safety	114,539
Public works/transportation	427,363
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ <u>737.070</u>
Business-type activities: Sewer utility	\$445,195

# NOTE 6 -- LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended April 30, 2017:

	May 1, 2016	<b>Additions</b>	<u>Retirements</u>	April 30, 2017
Governmental Funds:	•			
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013	\$ 163,000	\$	(\$ 163,000)	\$ -
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017	(3)	498,000	-	498,000
General Obligation Bond, Series 2014 - TIF	2,285,000	0.53	( 90,000)	2,195,000
Note Payable - Fire Equipment	13,738	-	( 13,738)	
Note Payable - Fire Truck	150,000	10 <b>6</b> 1	( 12,500)	137,500
Note Payable - Equipment	195,034	-	( 41,282)	153,752
Note Payable - Police Cars	90	195,832	(65,861)	<u>129,971</u>
	\$ <u>2,806,772</u>	\$ <u>693,832</u>	(\$ <u>386,381</u> )	\$ <u>3,114,223</u>
Enterprise Funds: General Obligation Bond, Series 2014 – Sewer	\$ <u>4,450,000</u>	\$	(\$ <u>535,000</u> )	\$ <u>3,915,000</u>

### Governmental Activities:

General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds, Series 2013 – The City issued \$493,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds, Series 2013, for which the proceeds will be used to finance certain capital expenditures in and for the City (the "Project") and pay costs associated with the issuance of the bonds.

These bonds were paid off during the year.

### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT, (CONTINUED)

General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds, Series 2017 – The City issued \$498,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds, Series 2017, for which the proceeds will be used to finance certain capital expenditures in and for the City (the "Project") and pay costs associated with the issuance of the bonds. The bonds bear interest rates of 3.5% - 4% and the maturity date is December 1, 2019.

Future principal and interest payments on the General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2018 2019 2020	\$ 151,000 173,000 174,000	\$ 14,945 13,015 <u>6,960</u>	\$ 165,945 186,015 <u>180,960</u>
	\$ <u>498,000</u>	\$ <u>34,920</u>	\$ <u>532,920</u>

Tax Increment Financing General Obligation Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source), Series 2014 – The City issued \$2,285,000 in bonds for the purpose to improve streets, curbs, and sidewalks and rehabilitate, reconstruct, repair or remodel existing public and private buildings within the Central Business Tax Increment Financing District. The City pays debt service expenditures from increment property taxes collected within the Tax Increment Financing District.

The bonds are dated September 1, 2014 and are payable though December 1, 2034 with interest rates ranging from 3% to 4.75%.

Future principal and interest payments on the Tax Incrementing Financing General Obligation Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 90,000	\$ 83,867	\$ 173,867
2019	95,000	81,168	176,168
2020	95,000	78,317	173,317
2021	100,000	75,468	175,468
2022	100,000	71,968	171,968
2023-2027	565,000	306,483	871,483
2028-2032	675,000	201,738	876,738
2033-2035	475,000	45,838	520,838
	\$ <u>2,195,000</u>	\$ <u>944,845</u>	\$ <u>3,139,845</u>

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT, (CONTINUED)

Note Payable – Fire Equipment – The City borrowed \$65,800 from Illini Bank on September 12, 2012 for purchase of fire equipment. The interest rate is 2.75% and is due April 15, 2017.

This note was paid off during the year.

Note Payable – Fire Truck – The City has a loan agreement with the Illinois Finance Authority from the Fire Truck Loan Program for the purchase of a fire truck. As of April 30, 2017 the City owed \$137,500 to the Illinois Finance Authority. The loan was dated April 2008 for \$250,000 with zero percent interest and payments of \$12,500 for 20 years ending November 1, 2028.

The following is a summary of changes in the loans for the year ended April 30, 2017:

	Balance April 30,			Balance April 30,
	2016	Additions	<u>Payments</u>	2017
Fire Truck Loan	\$ <u>150,000</u>	\$	(\$_12,500)	\$ <u>137,500</u>

# Annual requirements are as follows:

	Fiscal
<u>Principal</u>	Year Ending
\$ 12,500	2018
12,500	2019
12,500	2020
12,500	2021
12,500	2022
75,000	2023-2028
\$137,500	

Note Payable - Equipment - The City borrowed \$216,980 on September 30, 2015 for the purchase of various vehicles and equipment. The interest rate is 2.75% and is due June 15, 2020. The repayment schedule is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 42,440	\$ 3,937	\$ 46,377
2019 2020	43,615 44,823	2,762 1,555	46,377 46,378
2021	22,874	316	23,190
	\$ <u>153,752</u>	\$ <u>8,570</u>	\$ <u>162,322</u>

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT, (CONTINUED)

Note Payable — Police Cars — The City borrowed \$195,832 from United Community Bank on September 20, 2016 for purchase of police squad cars. The interest rate is 2.00% and is due July 1, 2018. The repayment schedule is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	_Total
2018 2019	\$ 64,644 65,327	\$ 1,989 1,307	\$ 66,633 66,633
	\$ <u>129.971</u>	\$ <u>3,296</u>	\$ <u>133,266</u>

# **Business-Type Activities:**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014 — The City issued \$4,975,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 for which the proceeds were used to payoff the IEPA Wastewater loan. The bonds are dated October 2014 and are payable through December 1, 2023 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 3%. The repayment schedule is as follows:

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 545,000	\$ 94,925	\$ 639,925
2019	555,000	84,025	639,025
2020	565,000	72,925	637,925
2021	580,000	61,625	641,625
2022	595,000	47,125	642,125
2023-2024	1,075,000	46,350	1,121,350
	\$ <u>3,915,000</u>	\$ <u>406,975</u>	\$ <u>4,321,975</u>

# NOTE 7 - LEASES

Operating Lease – The City entered into a 5 year operating lease agreement with John Deere Financial for a John Deere End Loader. The lease payment are \$8,359 per year for five years and the lease expires in 2018.

Minimum future lease payments under operating lease as of April 30, 2017, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal
2018	\$ <u>8,359</u>

# NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund Receivables and Payables - There were no interfund receivables and payables to report at April 30, 2017.

<u>Interfund Transfer</u> – Interfund transfers consisted of the following at April 30, 2017:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund: Fire Fighters Pension Fund TIF Fund	\$	\$ 50,000 176,567
Fiduciary Funds: Fire Fighters Pension Fund	50,000	
TIF Fund: General Fund	176,567	
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ <u>226,567</u>	\$ <u>226,567</u>

The purpose of the interfund transfers are as follows:

The transfers to and from the General Fund and TIF Fund were for capital projects and debt service expenditures.

# NOTE 9 – DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The following net position deficit exists as of April 30, 2017:

Governmental Funds

(\$15,324,856)

The deficit balance is primarily the result of insufficient assets to fund the Net Pension Liability. The City will be developing strategies to reduce the deficit.

# NOTE 10 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND PLAN

Plan Description. The City of Lincoln's (City) defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at <a href="https://www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>.

Benefits Provided. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with 10 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

TA/IDIZ

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. Were covered by the benefit terms:

	INIE
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive, Non-Retired Members Active Members	66 22 
Total	<u>103</u>

Contributions. As set by statute, the City's Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statutes requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2016 was 11.72 percent. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

# NOTE 10 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND PLAN, (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions. Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following are methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2016:

- Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal
- Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets
- Price Inflation 2.75%
- Salary Increases 3.75% to 14.50% including inflation
- Investment Rate of Return 7.50%
- Retirement Age Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013.
- Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Morality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- Long-Term Expected Rate of Return The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target <u>Percentage</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	6.85%
International Equity	17%	6.75%
Fixed Income	27%	3,00%
Real Estate	8%	5.75%
Alternative Investments	9%	2,65-7,35%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.25%
Total	100%	

# NOTE 10 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND PLAN, (CONTINUED)

Single Discount Rate. A Single Discount Rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects: (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits.).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.78%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability.

,	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Position Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ <u>9,067,741</u>	\$ <u>8,434,581</u>	\$ 633,160
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	75,350		75,350
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	656,899	-	656,899
Difference between expected and actual			
experience of the Total Pension Liability	55,257	-	55,257
Changes in assumptions	( 16,869)	**	( 16,869)
Contributions – employer	50+5	89,874	( 89,874)
Contributions – employee		34,508	( 34,508)
Net investment income	/ <b>4</b>	574,552	( 574,552)
Benefit payments, including refunds of		-	•
employee contributions	( 646,687)	( 646,687)	2
Other (Net Transfers)		98,939	(98,939)
Net Changes	123,950	151,186	(27,236)
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$ <u>_9,191,691</u>	\$ <u>8.585,767</u>	\$ <u>605,924</u>

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Single Discount Rate Assumption.

	Current Single		
	1%	1%	
25	Decrease 6.50%		
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ <u>1,518,586</u>	\$ <u>605,924</u>	(\$ <u>156,178</u> )

# NOTE 10 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND PLAN, (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods			
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 22,624	\$ -	
earnings on pension plan investments	394,581		
Changes in assumptions	-	6,907	
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	27,024	-	
Total	\$ 444.229	\$6,907	

<sup>\*</sup> Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the NPL. The amount is not known as of the date of this report. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Year Ending December 31	Net Deferred Outflow of Resources	
2017	<b>\$</b> 171,457	
2018	128,716	
2019	128,716	
2020	8,433	
2021		
Thereafter		
Total	\$ <u>437,322</u>	

# NOTE 11 - IMRF PLAN - SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan for Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at on-line at <a href="https://www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>.

Benefits Provided. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with 10 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. As of December 31, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IMRF
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3.00
Active Plan Members	
Total	1

Contributions. As set by statute, the City's Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel plan members are required to contribute 7.5 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires the City to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City contribution rate for calendar year 2015 used by the employer was 11.72 percent. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liabilities. The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

# NOTE 11 - IMRF PLAN - SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL, (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions. Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following are methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2016:

- Actuarial Cost Method -- Aggregate Entry Age Normal
- Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets
- Price Inflation 2.75%
- Salary Increases 3.75% to 14.50% including inflation
- Investment Rate of Return 7.50%
- Retirement Age Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013.
- Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Coliar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Morality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- Long-Term Expected Rate of Return The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target <u>Percentage</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	6.85%
International Equity	17%	6.75%
Fixed Income	27%	3.00%
Real Estate	8%	5.75%
Alternative Investments	9%	2.65-7.35%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.25%
Total	100%	

# NOTE 11 -- IMRF PLAN -- SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL, (CONTINUED)

Single Discount Rate. A Single Discount Rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects; (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits.).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.78%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability.

		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Position Liability (a) – (b)	
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$	94,994	\$	62,471	\$_	32,523	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		=		-		-	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		6,269		-		6,269	
Difference between expected and actual							
experience of the Total Pension Liability		770		±9.1		770	
Changes in assumptions	(	5,922)		-	(	5,922)	
Contributions – employer	•	540		3,177	Ò	3,177)	
Contributions - employee				5		9	
Net investment income				4,291	(	4,291)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of				,	`	, ,	
employee contributions	(	6,695)	(	6,695)		2	
Other (Net Transfers)			`-	601	(	<u>601</u> )	
Net Changes	(	5,578)	_	1,374	(	<u>6,952</u> )	
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$	89,416	\$	63,845	\$	25,571	

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Single Discount Rate Assumption.

	Current Single		
	1% Decrease <u>6.50%</u>	1% Discount Rate Decrease Assumption	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ <u>34,790</u>	\$ <u>25,571</u>	\$ <u>17.739</u>

# NOTE 11 - IMRF PLAN - SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL, (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

	Deferred O	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods	Œ.			
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	hē	\$	3
earnings on pension plan investments	2,	823		-
Changes in assumptions				je.
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date *	-	-		<u></u>
Total	\$2,	823	\$	-

<sup>\*</sup> Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the NPL. The amount is not known as of the date of this report. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Year Ending <u>December 31</u>	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
2017	\$ 922
2018	922
2019	922
2020	57
2021	-
Thereafter	P0
Total	\$2,823

### NOTE 12 - POLICE PENSION FUND

Plan Description: The Police Pension Fund is a single employer defined benefit pension plan to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to police officers and their dependents. The plan issues an annual report to the Illinois Department of Insurance; however, they do no issue their own stand-alone financial statements. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The fund is established and administered as prescribed by "Article 3. Police Pension Fund – Municipalities 500,000 and Under" of the Illinois Pension Code. Plan members' contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made formal commitment to provide the contributions.

# Benefits Provided:

The Plan offers two tiers of benefits as well as early retirement, death and disability and termination benefits as outlined below:

### NORMAL RETIREMENT PENSION BENEFIT

# Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 55 with at least 20 years of creditable service and no longer a police officer.

Benefit: 50% of final salary is payable commencing at retirement for 20 years of service. An additional 2.5% of final salary is added for each additional year of service in excess of 20 years of service (not to exceed 75% of final salary). "Final salary" is the salary attached to rank held on the last day of services or for 1 year prior to the last day, whichever is greater.

Annual Increase in Benefit: An officer will receive an initial increase of 1/12 of 3% for each month that has elapsed since retirement. The initial increase date will be the later of the first day of the month following the attainment of age 55, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases of 3% of the current pension amount (including prior increases) will be provided in each January thereafter.

### Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service and no longer a police officer.

Benefit: 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service is payable at retirement (not to exceed 75% of final average salary). "Final average salary" is determined by dividing the highest total salary over 96 consecutive months of service in the last 120 months of service by the total number of months of service in the period. Annual salary for this purpose will not exceed \$106,800, indexed by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1. The salary cap will not decrease,

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be January 1st following the later of the attainment of age 60, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original benefit.

### NOTE 12 - POLICE PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

### EARLY RETIREMENT PENSION BENEFIT

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

None

# Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service and no longer a police officer.

Benefit: The normal retirement pension benefit reduced by ½ of 1% for each month that the police officer's age is under age 55.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the later of the attainment of age 60, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original benefit.

### PENSION TO SURVIVORS

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

# Death - Line of Duty

Surviving spouse is entitled to 100% of the salary attached to the rank of the police officer on the last day of service, payable immediately.

# Death - Non-Duty

Current Pensioners (Including Disabled Pensioners): Surviving spouse to receive continuation of the pension.

Active Employee with 20+ Years of Service: Surviving spouse is entitled to the full pension earned by the police officer at the time of death.

Active Employee with 10-20 Years of Service: Surviving spouse is entitled to 50% of the salary attached to the rank of the police officer on the last day of service, payable immediately.

Annual Increase in Benefit: None.

### NOTE 12 - POLICE PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Death - Line of Duty

Surviving spouse is entitled to 100% of the salary attached to the rank of the police officer on the last day of service, payable immediately.

Death - Non-Duty

Current Pensioners (Including Disabled Pensioners), Active Employee with 20+ Years of Service, and Active Employee with 10-20 Years of Service: Surviving spouse to receive 66 %% of the police officer's earned pension at the date of death.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st after the attainment of age 60 by the recipient of the survivor's pension. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original survivor's benefit amount.

### TERMINATION BENEFIT

### Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: At least 8 years but less than 20 years of creditable service.

Benefit: 2.5% of final salary for each year of service is payable beginning at age 60. "Final salary" is based on the greater of salary during the last year of service prior to termination of employment or the pay rate for the police officer at termination of employment.

Annual Increase in Benefit: An officer will receive an initial increase of 3% on the first anniversary of the date of start of payments. Subsequent increases of 3% of the current pension amount will be provided in each January thereafter.

# Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: At least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service.

Benefit: 2.5% of final salary for each year of service is payable beginning at age 60. "Final salary" is based on the greater of salary during the last year of service prior to termination of employment or the pay rate for the police officer at termination of employment. Annual salary for this purpose will not exceed \$106,800, indexed by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1. The salary cap will not decrease,

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the first payment, Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original benefit amount,

# NOTE 12 - POLICE PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

### DISABILITY BENEFIT

# Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Disability (duty or non-duty).

Benefit: A police officer who becomes disabled on duty is entitled to receive a pension equal to the greatest of 65% of final salary or the pension they would have been entitled to upon retirement at the time of disability. For a non-duty disability, the police officer is entitled to 50% of final salary. "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the police officer on the last day of service.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the attainment of age 60. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase is 3% of the original benefit for each full year that has passed since the pension began. Subsequent increases will be the 3% of the original pension benefit amount.

# Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Disability (duty or non-duty).

Benefit: A police officer who becomes disabled on duty is entitled to receive a pension equal to the greater of 65% of final salary or the pension they would have been entitled to upon retirement at the time of disability. For a non-duty disability, the police officer is entitled to 50% of final salary. "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the police officer on the last day of service.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the attainment of age 60. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original benefit amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. As of April 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Refirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	31
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active Plan Members	<u>26</u>
Total	<u>58</u>

Contributions: Covered employees are required to contribute 9.991% of their base salary. The City's annual contribution to the plan is provided by property tax levy. These taxes are required to be of an amount necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The current funding policy for the pension fund is to be 100% funded on an actuarial basis by year 2040.

# NOTE 12 - POLICE PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2017, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the April 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

### **Economic Rates:**

Inflation	2,5%
Salary Increases	4.00% - 6.00%
Projected Increase in Total Payroll	3.25%
Discount Rate used for Total Pension Liability	6.27%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	7.00%

Mortality rates were used based on the L&A 2016 Illinois Police Mortality Rates and the Retirement Rates were based on L&A 2016 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at Age 60.

All rates shown in the economic assumptions are assumed to be annual rates, compounded on an annual basis.

The long-term expected rate of return on assets is intended to represent the best estimate of future real rates of return and is shown for each major asset classes in the investment policy. The expected rates of return on assets shown here is from the State of Illinois Department of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study dated September 26, 2012. The best estimate of future real rates of return are developed for each of the major asset classes. Expected inflation is added back in. Adjustment is made to reflect geometric returns.

The rates provided in the table below are based on the arithmetic average. The Investment Policy Statement will provide more detail regarding the Fund's policies on asset allocation targets and acceptable ranges.

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Long-Term Inflation Expectations	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Large Cap Equity	8.30%	2.50%	5.80%
US Mid Cap Equity	9,30%	2.50%	6.80%
US Small Cap Equity	9,30%	2,50%	6.80%
Non-US Developed Large Cap Equity	8.40%	2.50%	5.90%
Emerging Markets Equity Unhedged	10.50%	2,50%	8.00%
US Corporate Bonds	4.20%	2,50%	1.70%
US Government Fixed Income	3.20%	2.50%	0.70%
US Cash	3.00%	2,50%	0.50%
Global Real Estate - REITS	8,30%	2.50%	5.80%
Commodities - Long Only	4.90%	2.50%	2.40%

Long-term expected real returns under GASB are expected to reflect the period of time that begins when a plan member begins to provide service to the employer and ends at the point when all benefits to the plan member have been paid. The rates provided above are intended to estimate those figures.

# NOTE 12 - POLICE PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

The expected inflation rate is 2.50% and is included in the total long-term rate of return on investments. The inflation rate is from the same source as the long-term real rates of return, and is not necessarily reflective of the inflation measures used for other purposes in the report.

Geometric rates of return are equal to arithmetic rates of return when the annual returns exhibit no volatility over time. When arithmetic returns are volatile on a year-to-year basis, the actual realized geometric returns over time will be lower. The higher the volatility, the greater the difference.

Discount Rates. The discount rates used in the determination of the Total Pension Liability is based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate. Cash flow projections were used to determine the extent which the plan's future net pension will be able to cover benefit payments. To the extent future benefit payments are covered by the plan's projected net position, the expected rate of return on plan investment is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments. To the extent future benefit payments are not covered by the plan's projected net position, the municipal bond rate is used to determine the portion of the net position liability associated with those payments.

Changes in Net Pension Liability. The table below illustrates the change in the Net Position Liability (NPL) from the prior Measurement Date to the current Measurement Date. Under Statement 68, the difference between the NPL from the prior measurement date to the current measurement date should be recognized as an expense, unless permitted to be recognized as a deferred outflow or inflow of resources.

	Increase (Decrease)				
	ī	Cotal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Position Liability (a) – (b)
Balances Beginning at 05/01/16	\$	<u>27,991,777</u>	\$ <u>9,362,264</u>	\$	18,629,513
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost		440,910			440,910
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		1,713,973	-		1,713,973
Difference between expected and actual					
experience of the Total Pension Liability	(	413,687)	14	(	413,687)
Change in assumptions	ì	2,780,994)	-	ì	2,780,994)
Contributions - Employer	`	(40)	626,931	ì	626,931)
Contributions - Employee			160,086	ì	160,086)
Net Investment Income		~	641,981	ì	641,981)
Benefit payments, including refunds of				`	,,
employee contributions	(	1,311,371)	(1,311,371)		-
Other (Net Transfers)	•	1,011,011,	( 37,129)		37,129
Olive (10t 11thbiand)			(		
Net Changes	(	2,351,169)	80,498	(	2,431,667)
Balances Beginning at 04/30/17	\$	<u>25,640,608</u>	\$ <u>9,442,762</u>	9	<u> 16,197,846</u>

# NOTE 12 - POLICE PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Discount Rate. The Net Pension Liability has been determined using the discount rate listed in the assumption section. Below is a table illustrating the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate assumption.

	1% Decrease 5,27%	Current Discount Rate 6.27%	1% Increase 7.27%
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$20,108,605	\$ <u>16,197,846</u>	\$ <u>13,055,072</u>

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

- 1. The duration of the plan's expected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 2. The funded percentage of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended April 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,311,371. At April 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

The table below shows the cumulative amounts to be shown as deferred outflows and inflows of resources. Changes in total pension liability related to the difference in actual and expected experience, or changes in assumptions regarding future events, are recognized in pension expense over the expected remaining service life of all employees (active and retired) in the pension fund. Differences in projected and actual earnings over the measurement period are recognized over a 5-year period. Amounts not yet recognized are summarized below:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods		
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 1	\$ 506,920
earnings on pension plan investments	410,414	5,019
Changes in assumptions	2,114,914	2,326,583
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date *	MD	
Total	\$ <u>2.525,328</u>	\$ <u>2,838,522</u>

<sup>\*</sup> Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the NPL. The amount is not known as of the date of this report. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

# NOTE 12 ~ POLICE PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Year Ending April 30,	Net Deferred Inflows Of Resources
2018	\$ 90,150
2019	90,150
2020	90,146
2021	( 46,655)
2022	( 474,346)
Thereafter	( 62,639)
Total Deferred Inflows	(\$ <u>313,194</u> )

### **NOTE 13 – FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND**

Plan Description: The Firefighters' Pension Fund is a single employer defined benefit pension plan to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to firemen and their dependents. The plan issues an annual report to the Illinois Department of Insurance; however, they do no issue their own stand-alone financial statements. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The fund is established and administered as prescribed by "Article 4. Firefighters' Pension Fund – Municipalities 500,000 and Under" of the Illinois Pension Code. Plan members' contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made formal commitment to provide the contributions.

# Benefits Provided:

The Plan offers two tiers of benefits as well as early retirement, death and disability and termination benefits as outlined below:

### NORMAL RETIREMENT PENSION BENEFIT

# Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service and no longer a firefighter.

Benefit: 50% of final salary is payable commencing at retirement for 20 years of service. An additional 2.5% of final salary is added for each additional year of service (prorated monthly) in excess of 20 years of service (not to exceed 75% of final salary). "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the firefighter at retirement.

Annual Increase in Benefit: A firefighter is entitled to an initial pension increase equal to 1/12 of 3% of the original monthly benefit for each full month that has passed since the pension began. The initial increase date will be the later of the first day of the month following the attainment of age 55, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases of 3% of the current pension amount will be provided in each January thereafter.

### **NOTE 13 – FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND**

Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service and no longer a firefighter.

Benefit: 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service is payable at retirement (not to exceed 75% of final average salary). "Final average salary" is determined by dividing the highest total salary over 96 consecutive months of service in the last 120 months of service by the total number of months of service in the period. Annual salary for this purpose will not exceed \$106,800, indexed by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1. The salary cap will not decrease.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be January 1st following the attainment of age 60, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original pension amount.

### EARLY RETIREMENT PENSION BENEFIT

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

None

Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service and no longer a firefighter.

Benefit: The normal retirement pension benefit reduced by ½ of 1% for each month that the firefighter's age is under age 55.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the attainment of age 60, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original pension amount.

# NOTE 13 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

### PENSION TO SURVIVORS

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Death - Line of Duty

Surviving spouse is entitled to 100% of the salary attached to the rank of the firefighter on the last day of service, payable immediately.

Death - Non-Duty

Current Pensioners (Including Disabled Pensioners): Surviving spouse to receive continuation of the pension at the time of death or 54% of pensionable salary at the time pension began, if greater.

Active Employee with 20+ Years of Service: Surviving spouse is entitled to the full pension earned by the firefighter at the time of death, or 54% of the pensionable salary at death if greater.

Active Employee with 10-20 Years of Service: Surviving spouse is entitled to 54% of the salary attached to the rank of the firefighter on the last day of service, payable immediately.

Annual Increase in Benefit: None.

# Hired On or After January 1, 2011

# Death - Line of Duty

Surviving spouse is entitled to 100% of the salary attached to the rank of the firefighter on the last day of service, payable immediately.

Death - Non-Duty

Current Pensioners (Including Disabled Pensioners), Active Employee with 20+ Years of Service, and Active Employee with 10-20 Years of Service: Surviving spouse to receive 66 3/4% of the firefighter's earned pension at the date of death.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st after the attainment of age 60 by the recipient of the survivor's pension. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original survivor's pension amount.

### NOTE 13 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

### TERMINATION BENEFIT

# Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: At least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service.

Benefit: An accrual factor times final salary for each year of service is payable beginning at age 60. "Accrual Factor" is a factor of 1.5% at 10 years of service, increasing ratably up to 2.4% at 19 years of service. "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the firefighter on the date of separation.

Annual Increase in Benefit: A firefighter will receive an initial increase of 3% on the first anniversary of the date of start of payments. Subsequent increases of 3% of the current pension amount will be provided in each January thereafter.

# Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: At least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service.

Benefit: An accrual factor times final salary for each year of service is payable beginning at age 60. "Accrual Factor" is a factor of 1/5% at 10 years of service, increasing ratably up to 2.4% at 19 years of service. "Final salary" is based on the greater of salary during the last year of service prior to termination of employment or the pay rate for the firefighter at termination of employment. Annual salary for this purpose will not exceed \$106,800, indexed by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1. The salary cap will not decrease.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the first payment. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original pension amount.

# NOTE 13 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

### DISABILITY BENEFIT

# Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Disability (duty; or non-duty with 7 years of service).

Benefit: A firefighter who becomes disabled on duty is entitled to receive a pension equal to the greatest of 65% of final salary or the pension they would have been entitled to upon retirement at the time of disability. For a non-duty disability, the firefighter is entitled to 50% of final salary. "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the firefighter at retirement.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the attainment of age 60.

Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase is 3% of the original benefit for each full year that has passed since the pension began. Subsequent increases are 3% of the original pension benefit amount.

# Hired On or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Disability (duty; or non-duty with 7 years of service).

Benefit: A firefighter who becomes disabled on duty is entitled to receive a pension equal to the greater of 65% of final salary or the pension they would have been entitled to upon retirement at the time of disability. For a non-duty disability, the firefighter is entitled to 50% of final salary. "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the firefighter at last day of service.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the attainment of age 60. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. As of April 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	25
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2
Active Plan Members	19
Total	46

Contributions: Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary. The City's annual contribution to the plan is provided by property tax levy. These taxes are required to be of an amount necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The current funding policy for the pension fund is to be 100% funded on an actuarial basis by year 2040.

# NOTE 13 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2017, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the April 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

### **Economic Rates:**

Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.50% - 20,19%
Projected Increase in Total Payroll	3.25%
Discount Rate used for Total Pension Liability	6.54%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	7.00%

Mortality rates were used based on the L&A 2016 Illinois Firefighters Mortality Rates and the Retirement Rates were based on L&A 2016 Illinois Firefighters Retirement Rates Capped at Age 62.

All rates shown in the economic assumptions are assumed to be annual rates, compounded on an annual basis.

The long-term expected rate of return on assets is intended to represent the best estimate of future real rates of return and is shown for each major asset classes in the investment policy. The expected rates of return on assets shown here is from the State of Illinois Department of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study dated September 26, 2012. Long-term real rates of return are shown as the expected rate of return, net the assumed inflation rate.

The rates provided in the table below are based on the arithmetic average. The Investment Policy Statement will provide more detail regarding the Fund's policies on asset allocation targets and acceptable ranges.

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Long-Term Inflation Expectations	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Large Cap Equity	8.30%	2,50%	5.80%
US Mid Cap Equity	9.30%	2.50%	6.80%
US Small Cap Equity	9.30%	2,50%	6.80%
Non-US Developed Large Cap Equity	8.40%	2.50%	5.90%
Emerging Markets Equity Unhedged	10.50%	2.50%	8.00%
US Corporate Bonds	4,20%	2.50%	1.70%
US Government Fixed Income	3,20%	2.50%	0.70%
US Cash	3.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Global Real Estate - REITS	8,30%	2.50%	5.80%
Commodities - Long Only	4.90%	2,50%	2.40%

Long-term expected real returns under GASB are expected to reflect the period of time that begins when a plan member begins to provide service to the employer and ends at the point when all benefits to the plan member have been paid. The rates provided above are intended to estimate those figures.

# NOTE 13 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

The expected inflation rate is 2.50% and is included in the total long-term rate of return on investments. The inflation rate is from the same source as the long-term real rates of return, and is not necessarily reflective of the inflation measures used for other purposes in the report.

Geometric rates of return are equal to arithmetic rates of return when the annual returns exhibit no volatility over time. When arithmetic returns are volatile on a year-to-year basis, the actual realized geometric returns over time will be lower. The higher the volatility, the greater the difference.

Discount Rates. The discount rates used in the determination of the Total Pension Liability is based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate. Cash flow projections were used to determine the extent which the plan's future net pension will be able to cover benefit payments. To the extent future benefit payments are covered by the plan's projected net position, the expected rate of return on plan investment is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments. To the extent future benefit payments are not covered by the plan's projected net position, the municipal bond rate is used to determine the portion of the net position liability associated with those payments.

Changes in Net Pension Liability. The table below illustrates the change in the Net Position Liability (NPL) from the prior Measurement Date to the current Measurement Date. Under Statement 68, the difference between the NPL from the prior measurement date to the current measurement date should be recognized as an expense, unless permitted to be recognized as a deferred outflow or inflow of resources.

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Position Liability (a) – (b)
Balances Beginning at 05/01/16	\$ <u>24,799,909</u>	\$ <u>5,778,409</u>	\$ <u>19,021,500</u>
Changes for the year:	€:		
Service Cost	290,496	(70)	290,496
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,587,507	*	1,587,507
Difference between expected and actual			
experience of the Total Pension Liability	122,476	-	122,476
Change in assumptions	( 5,765,283)	(*)	( 5,765,283)
Contributions - Employer	(*)	651,568	(651,568)
Contributions - Employee	-	120,769	( 120,769)
Net Investment Income		93,765	( 93,765)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			(,,,,,
employee contributions	(1,052,204)	(1,052,204)	
Other (Net Transfers)		(14,990)	14,990
Net Changes	( 4,817,008)	(201,092)	( _4,615,916)
Balances Beginning at 04/30/17	\$ <u>19,982,901</u>	\$ <u>5,577,317</u>	\$ <u>14,405,584</u>

### NOTE 13 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Discount Rate. The Net Pension Liability has been determined using the discount rate listed in the assumption section. Below is a table illustrating the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate assumption.

	1% Decrease <u>5.54%</u>	Current Discount Rate6.54%	1% Increase 7.54%
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>17,169,892</u>	\$ <u>14,405,584</u>	\$ <u>12,149,084</u>

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

- The duration of the plan's expected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 2. The funded percentage of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended April 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,052,204. At April 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

The table below shows the cumulative amounts to be shown as deferred outflows and inflows of resources. Changes in total pension liability related to the difference in actual and expected experience, or changes in assumptions regarding future events, are recognized in pension expense over the expected remaining service life of all employees (active and retired) in the pension fund. Differences in projected and actual earnings over the measurement period are recognized over a 5-year period. Amounts not yet recognized are summarized below:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods	10	
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 103,309	\$ 252,633
earnings on pension plan investments	240,322	122,142
Changes in assumptions	2,163,917	4,863,047
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date *	100	
Total	\$ <u>2,507,548</u>	\$_5,237,822

<sup>\*</sup> Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the NPL. The amount is not known as of the date of this report. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

# NOTE 13 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND, (CONTINUED)

Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Year Ending April 30,	Net Deferred Inflow Of Resources				
2018	(\$ 419,217)				
2019	( 419,217)				
2020	( 419,217)				
2021	( 378,505)				
2022	( 749,725)				
Thereafter	(344,393)				
Total Deferred Inflows	(\$_2,730,274)				

### **NOTE 14 – POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

### PLAN DESCRIPTION

In addition to providing pension benefits described, the City provides certain post-retirement benefits to full-time employees meeting certain requirements. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, and an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report.

# BENEFITS PROVIDED

The following benefits are provided to newly retired full-time employees of the City of Lincoln:

20 years of service with the City and age 55 = City pays 50% of employee-only portion of health insurance.

20 years of service with the City and not reached age 55 = City pays the health insurance premium until age 55 reached, then 50% of the premium.

# **MEMBERSHIP**

At May 1, 2014 (latest information available), membership consisted of:

Retirees and dependents currently receiving benefits	29
Active vested plan members	4
Active not fully eligible to retire	<u>54</u>
TOTAL	<u>87</u>
Participating employers	1

# NOTE 14 - POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS, (CONTINUED)

### FUNDING POLICY

The City negotiates the contribution percentages between the City and employees through union and personnel policy. The City contributes the cost of providing the benefits to retirees via the insured plan (pay as you go). For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, the City contributed \$279,493.

### ANNUAL OPEB COSTS AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The City had an actuarial valuation performed for the plan as of May 1, 2014 to determine the Employer's annual required contribution (ARC) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017.

The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) at April 30, 2017 was calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 605,044 24,451 (35,351)
Annual OPEB Cost Contributions made	594,144 ( <u>279,493</u> )
Change in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	314,651 611,296
NET OPEB OBLIGATION END OF YEAR	\$ <u>925,947</u>

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funded status of the plan as of May 1, 2014 (latest information available), was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 4,867,764
Actuarial value of plan assets	140
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 4,867,764
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroli (active plan members)	\$ 3,334,750
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	146%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

# NOTE 14 - POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS, (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the May 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the entry-age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 4.9% - 8.3% with an ultimate healthcare inflation rate of 5.0%. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the City has not advance funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2017, was 30 years.

# NOTE 15 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PAYABLE

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is administered by Nationwide Retirement Solution, Inc. and VALIC. The plan, available to all full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefits of participants and other beneficiaries. As a result, the deferred compensation investments are not reported in the City's financial statements as an agency fund.

### NOTE 16 - INSURANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is self-insured for unemployment compensation. The City reimburses the State for unemployment compensation claims paid to former employees.

The City is also exposed to various risks including but not limited to losses from workers' compensation, general liability and property damage. Such risks are managed through the purchase of insurance contracts.

Payments are made from the Liability Insurance fund to provide the payment of workers' compensation insurance, liability insurance and auto insurance.

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# **NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

As of April 30, 2017, the City has matters of pending litigation which are being handled by the City's liability insurance carrier through legal counsel designated by them. In addition, there are also pending workman's compensation claims against the City, all of which are being handled by the City's workman's compensation insurance carrier or legal counsel designated by them.

Pursuant to the four collective bargaining agreements the City has with various bargaining units, the City does have an ongoing responsibility to provide individual health insurance coverage to retired members. The liability of these post-retirement benefits has not been determined at this time.

# City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND - REGULAR Required Supplemental Information April 30, 2017

Last 10 Calendar Years (schedule to be built prospectively from 2014)

Extremises 79 02% 81.73% Payrell

# City of Lincola, Illinois SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETREMENT FUND—SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL Required Supplemental Information April 30, 2017

Last 10 Calendar Years (schedule to be built prospectively from 2014)

			(schedule to (	schedule to be built prospectively from 2014)	aly from 2014)					
Calendar year ending December 31.	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Benefit Changes Different changes Experies and	\$	\$ 6,242	\$ 6,073	TO RESE	15. 85.8 64	4 Miles	∰ †∏ 1 69	1 I I	1 1 jij	:4 <u>4.8</u> 0
Difference between Laborated min- Actual Experience Assumption Changes Benefit Payments and Refunds	770 ( \$5,922) ( 6,695)	) (% (% (%) (%) (%)	319 4,949 ( 6,166)	1 1) 1	(8 <u>8</u> )	'''	1 1 1	1 167	3 303	59596
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	( 5,578)	346	5,175	78	3	•	•	3	((0)	á
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 89,416	\$ 94,648 84,994	\$ 94,648		S	8	S	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	69	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer Contributions Employee Contributions Pension Plan Net Investment Income Benefit Payments and Refinds Other	\$ 3,177 4,291 ( 6,695)	\$ 3,308 297 ( 6,522) 4,319	\$ 3,334 3,579 ( 6,166) 239	69	69	69	69	1 (8 (1) 3) 1	F (#: 100) F	1000 CT
Net Change in Plan Fiductary Net Position	1,374	1,402	986		§(f	((*))	1.96	0	00	1
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 63.845	\$ 62,471	\$ 61,069					\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	·	
Net Pension L'ability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 25.571	\$ 32.573	\$ 33.579	\$5	,	\$ 	<b>\</b>	*	59	
Plan Flduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability Covered Valuation Payroll	71.40%	\$	\$ 64.52%							
Net Fersion Liabulty as a Fertentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	%00'0							

City of Lincoln, Illinois
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILATY
POLICE PENSION FUND
Required Supplemental Information
April 30, 2017

2008	69	' '	×	\$	69 S	3)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
2009	∓ + 10,	*) - 4	*	S	F 50 - 30:20 - 30:20 C	*		S
2010	1 (f. 16)	***	•		434 - 9639 - 3639   U	*		
2011	ı (€ 1€)		•		69	(*)		59
2012	(400) + (60) 44	•	•	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	F 0F 3608 36080 F	9)	65	\$
2013	4 (j. 16) 69	Ð( 1 - I	•	5			1	
2014	9	100	ř		**** **** **** ****	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
2015	\$ 449,636 1,330,894	( 1168,469)	612,061	23.974.296 \$24.586.357	\$ 639,929 152,714 674,457 ( 1,168,469) ( 163,408)	278,883	\$ 9.840,084	S <u>14.746.273</u>
2016	\$ 448,785 1,333,691	( 239,283) 3,146,580 ( 1284,352)	3,405,420	24,586.357 \$27,991,777	\$ 616,437 201,349 ( 12,175) ( 1,284,352) ( 17,857)	( 477,820)	\$ 9362264	\$18,629,513
2017	\$ 440,910 1,713,973	( 2,780,994) ( 1,311,371)	( 2,351,169)	27.991.777 \$25.640.608	\$ 626,931 160,086 641,981 ( 1,311,371) ( 37,129)	80,498	9.362.264 S. 9.442.762	\$16,197,846
	Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Difference Determs	Differences Detwent Experieu and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments and Refunds	Net Change in Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Contributions - Other Net investment income Benefit Payments and Refunds Administrative Expense Other	Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)

The current year information was developed in the completion of this report.

City of Lincola, Illinois
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND
Required Supplemental Information
April 30, 2017

2017	Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between General and	122,476	Net Change in Total Pension Liability (4,817,008)	Total Pension Liability - Beginning 24.729.509  Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) \$19.982.901	Plan Fiduciary Net Position  Contributions - Employer  Contributions - Member  Contributions - Other  Net Investment Income  Renefit Payments and Refunds  Administrative Expense  Other  (1,052,204)	Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position (201,092)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning . 5.778.409 Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) \$.5.777.317	Employer Net Peasion Liability Ending (a) - (b)
2016	\$ 445,277 995,712	( 370,137) 3,170,391 ( 984,676)	3,256,567	21.543.342 \$24.799.909	\$ 609,350 113,615 575,551 ( 984,676) ( 17,565)	324,750	\$ 5,778,409	\$19,021,500
2015	\$ 448,145 1,019,569	(268397)	507,317	21,036,025 \$21,543,342	\$ 616,191 106,025 24,668 ( 960,397) ( 14,589)	( 227,081)	\$.680,740 \$.5453,659	\$16,089,683
2014	f 1 t	ŧ ŧ J	Ā		6	8)	S	
2013	· · · ·		•	S	69	*	<b>S</b>	64
2012	€1 E	*	<u>U</u>	5,0	1 (1 (K) 1 (K) 1 (F)	•		6/3
2011	1316 HI	C (0. 14	*11	\$	1 (4 1 1 (4 (4 (4 ) 1 ) ) ) (5 (4 ) ) ) (6 (4 ) ) (7 (4	,	5	, ,
2010	4 (H. 1)	90,00	10	\$	• 903830030363 <b>•</b> 3	(*:		\$
2009	+ 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1	111	ı	S	1 (E) ( ((), (), (), ()	•	ال	
2008	4 1 1 69	1 1 2	ı	S	1 10 0 0 0 0 1 1 69	(R)		· ·

The current year information was developed in the completion of this report.

# City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Required Supplemental Information Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan April 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) —-Entry Age (b)	AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
04/30/17	N/A	4,867,764	4,867,764	0.00%	3,334,750	146%
04/30/16	N/A	4,867,764	4,867,764	0.00%	3,334,750	146%
04/30/15	N/A	4,867,764	4,867,764	0.00%	3,334,750	146%

N/A Information is not available as an actuarial valuation was not performed.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015.

Information for prior years is not available.

# City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND – REGULAR Required Supplemental Information April 30, 2017

Schedule 6

2007	· •	ا ا	5	
2008	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	S		
2009	69		\$	
2010	r 69		69	
2013	· \$5		8	
2012	62			
2013	, 69	S	\$	
2014	\$ 205,668	189.583 \$ 16.085	\$ 790,725	23.98%
2015	\$ 114,737	118 302	\$ 774,725	15.27%
2016	\$ 90,258	\$9,874	\$ 766.844	11.72%
Calendar year ending December 31.	Actuarially Determined Contribution *	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered-Employee Payroll	Covered-Employee Payroll

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

This number should be verified by the auditor.

 $<sup>^*</sup>$  Estimated based on contribution rate of 11.77% and covered valuation payroll of \$766,844.

City of Lincola, Illinois
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE
ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETREMENT FUND - SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL
Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information	April 30, 2017
Re	

2008	69		, 	
2009	67		·	
2010	•		·	
2011	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	`	\$	
2012	•		<b>S</b>	
2013	ı ⇔	\$	8	
2014	ı €1	3334	- i	0.00%
2015	5	3.308 (\$ 3.308)	*	0.00%
2016	1 64	3.177	, 	0.00%
Calendar vear ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution * Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered-Employee Payroll	Covered-Employee Payroll

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

This number should be verified by the auditor.

Estimated based on contribution rate of 13.35% and covered valuation payroll of \$0.

# City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND Required Supplemental Information April 30, 2017

2008	64	<b>S</b>	\$	
2009	1 <del>67</del>	S	*	
2010	i 49		8	
2011	, 43		\$	
2012	· %	6-7	59	
2013	, 69	8	55	
2014	· 69	S		
2015	\$ 544,847	639,929 (\$ 95,082)	\$ 1,525,733	41.9%
2016	\$ 590,410	616.437 (\$ 26.027)	\$ 1.531,652	40.2%
2017	\$ 630,384	\$ 3453	\$ 1.598,469	39.2%
	Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered-Employee Payroll Committed as a Percentises of	Covered-Employee Payroll

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution shown for the current year is the Standary Minimum funding requirement from the April 30, 2015 actuary's report completed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP for the fax levy recommendation for the December, 2015 tax levy.

2008	, 43		اٰ ج	
2009	; 69	`    	\$	
2010	· •4			
2013	1 69			
2012	49		8	
2013	<b>€</b> 9	S .	69	
2014	1 49	\$		
2015	\$ 612,306	616.191	\$ 1.055.924	58.4%
2016	\$ 617,884	\$ 8.534	\$ 1.135,729	53.7%
2017	\$ 634,928	(\$ 16.640)	\$1,151,386	26.6%
	Acquarizity Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Americality	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered-Employee Payroll	Covered-Employee Payroll

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution shown for the current year if from the April 30, 2015 actuary's report completed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2015 tax levy.

#### City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHIEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Required Supplemental Information Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan April 30, 2017

Fiscal		Annual Required		Net
Year	Employer	Contribution	Percentage	OPEB
Ending	Contributions	(ARC)	Contributed	Obligation
2017	\$279,493	\$605,044	46%	\$925,947
2016	\$271,759	\$581,773	47%	\$611,296
2015	\$252,645	\$559,397	45%	\$306,752

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

	Original/Final Budgeted Amounts	Current Year Actual
REVENUES:		
Taxes:		
Property taxes	\$ 757,582	\$ 706,587
Income taxes	1,500,000	1,367,551
Sales and use taxes	3,835,000	3,698,956
Telecommunications tax	342,500	307,735
Replacement taxes	235,000	204,138
Road and bridge taxes	76,000	73,297
Utility taxes	315,000	631,891
Video gaming taxes	175,000	229,545
Other taxes	62,000	1,981
Fire tax		19,430
Total Taxes	7,298,082	<u>7,241,111</u>
Charges for Services:		
Franchise fees	182,000	185,576
SRO contributions	33,077	27,270
Administrative fees	35,000	5,000
Birth and death certificates	15,000	16,057
Licenses and permits	<u>126,680</u>	133,220
Total Charges For Services	391,757	367,123
Fines and Forfeitures:		
Traffic fines	105,300	59,422
Other fines	18,700	56,199
Total Fines and Forfeitures	124,000	<u>115,621</u>
Miscellaneous:		
Miscellaneous	3,900	3,480
Donations	20	25,915
Refunds and reimbursements	35,000	230,795
Total Miscellaneous	38,900	260,190
		(continued)

	Original/Final Budgeted Amounts	Current Year Actual
REVENUES (Continued): Interest Income	\$ <u>12,300</u>	\$ <u>5,839</u>
Other Financing Sources:		
State of Illinois - Depot reimbursement	3,748,640	1,043,590
State of Illinois - Grants	29,089	33,405
Pekin Street closure incentive	<u>450,000</u>	450,000
Total Other Financing Sources	4,227,729	1,526,995
TOTAL REVENUES	12,092,768	9,516,881
EXPENDITURES:  Public Safety:  Fire Department:		
Personnel services	1,284,859	1,277,299
Supplies	38,747	56,091
Repairs and maintenance	48,725	43,801
Contractual services	7,500	5,642
Other services and charges	21,616	23,498
Capital outlay	6,626	n
Total Fire Department	1,408,073	1,406,331
Police Department:		
Personnel services	1,699,337	1,684,269
Supplies	74,000	126,677
Repairs and maintenance	34,000	34,680
Contractual services	19,000	18,061
Other services and charges	48,150	37,625
Capital outlay	101,899	101,899
Total Police Department	1,976,386	2,003,211
ESDA:		
Repairs and maintenance	5,000	22,983
Crossing Guard:		
Personnel services	5,000	3,572
Public Benefits:		
Animal control contract	40,200	40,191
Total Public Safety	3,434,659	3,476,288
		(continued)

	Original/Final Budgeted Amounts	Current Year Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued):		
Public Works:		
Zoning:		
Personnel services	\$ 103,020	\$ 73,677
Supplies	2,617	1,310
Repairs and maintenance	2,400	356
Other services and charges	40,650	37,988
Total Zoning	148,687	113,331
Public Grounds and Buildings:		
Supplies	500	279
Repairs and maintenance	16,680	15,651
Contractual services	53,548	52,356
Utilities	9,100	14,348
Total Public Grounds and Buildings	79,828	82,634
Streets and Alleys:		
Personnel services	336,741	387,008
Supplies	96,480	82,980
Repairs and maintenance	77,900	41,445
Street lights	61,100	61,514
Contractual services	35,000	33,716
Other services and charges	28,100	6,771
Total Streets and Alleys	635,321	613,434
Forestry Fund:		
Supplies	1,000	912
Repairs and maintenance	24,000	18,995
Total Forestry Fund	25,000	19,907
Total Public Works	<u>888.836</u>	829,306
		(continued)

	Original/Final Budgeted Amounts	Current Year <u>Actual</u>
EXPENDITURES (Continued):		
General Government:		
City Clerk's Office:	A 05.555	
Personnel services	\$ 85,537	\$ 85,008
Supplies	4,937	7,068
Repairs and maintenance	2,555	5,053
Other services and charges	2,750 23,370	2,736 17,479
Other services that ordinges	23,370	17,479
Total City Clerk's Office	119,149	<u>117,344</u>
City Administrator:		
Personnel services	79,500	70,865
Supplies	1,024	175
Other services and charges	12,725	11,465
Total City Administrator's Office	93,249	82,505
Merit Commission:		
Personnel services	1,800	1,617
Other services and charges	5,500	5,075
Total Merit Commission	7,300	6,692
Mayor's Office:		
Personnel services	55,840	43,270
Supplies	500	77
Other services and charges	48,139	39,635
Total Mayor's Office	104,479	82,982
Audit:		
Audit fee	25,000	23,850
Legal:		
Contractual services	94,700	88,006
		(continued)

#### City of Lincoln, Illinois BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

EXPENDITURES (Continued):  General Government (Continued):	Original/Final Budgeted Amounts	Current Year Actual
Contingent:		
Unemployment	\$ 450	\$ -
Contractual services	298,366	247,799
Special project expenditures	71,393	65,268
Other services and charges	4,375	19,115
Total Contingent	<u>374,584</u>	332,182
Engineering;		
Contractual services	5,000	10,729
IMRF:		
Social security contribution	110,000	105,220
IMRF contribution	125,000	89,028
Total IMRF	235,000	194,248
Insurance:		
Health Insurance,	509,295	524,748
Health Insurance - Retirees	182,491	182,444
Health Insurance - COBRA	21,266	15,243
Dental Insurance	38,508	38,361
Life Insurance,	2,138	2,029
H.S.A	55,175	55,003
Total Insurance	808,873	817,828
Liability Insurance:		
Vehicle insurance	36,809	36,809
Liability insurance	73,158	<b>73,15</b> 1
Workers compensation	<b>290,13</b> 1	280,722
Property insurance	30,454	30,454
Compensable Claims	5,000	1,229
Total Liability Insurance	435,552	422,365
Lincoln Industrial Commission:		
Other services and charges	<u>85,817</u>	39,886
Total General Government	2,388,703	2,218,617
		(continued)

#### City of Lincoln, Illinois BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	Original/Final Budgeted Amounts	Current Year Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued):  Capital Projects:  Sales tax rebates.  Land acquisition  Design/Engineering  Capital Outlay  Other services and charges	\$ 25,000 75,100 229,900 6,008,640 50,000	
Total Capital Projects  Other Financing Uses	<u>6,388,640</u>	3,717,078
Transfer to Police Pension	1 <b>76,567</b> 50,000	176,567 50,000
Total Other Financing Uses TOTAL EXPENDITURES	226,567	226,567
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	13,327,405 (\$_1,234,638)	10,467,858 ( 950,977)
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING		4,192,370
FUND BALANCE - ENDING		\$ <u>3,241,393</u>

### City of Lincoln, Illinois BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	Original/Final Budgeted Amounts	Current Year Actual
REVENUES:		
Motor fuel taxes	\$ 375,450	\$ 367,626
Interest income	850	679
TOTAL REVENUES	376,300	368,305
EXPENDITURES:		
Public Works:		
Personnel services	72,488	80,628
Supplies	60,000	58,646
Curb/Gutter/Sidewalks	175,000	126,953
Engineering	56,000	72,537
Repairs & Maintenance	150,000	
Traffic signals	40,000	29,497
Fifth Street road project	175,000	184,110
Closure of Pekin Street	70,000	110.259
Street lights	80,000	110,358
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	878,488	662,729
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
State Grant – IDOT Reimbursement	70,000	256,067
Union Pacific Incentive.	le	( _120,250)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>70,000</u>	135,817
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$ <u>432,188</u> )	( 158,607)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		580,890
FUND BALANCE - ENDING		\$ <u>422,283</u>

## City of Lincoln, Illinois BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TIF FUND

	Original/Final Budgeted Amounts	Current Year Actual
REVENUES:		
Property taxes	\$ 50,000	\$ 38,802
Interest income	50	31
TOTAL REVENUES	50,050	38,833
EXPENDITURES:		
Economic Development:		
Contractual	250	_
Legal Fees	2,500	495
Bond principal	90,000	90,000
Bond interest	86,818	86,567
Bond services	500	500
TIF Grants	40,000	10,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	220,068	187,562
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfer from General Fund	_	176,567
Bond proceeds	_177,318	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>177,318</u>	<u>176,567</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ <u>7,300</u>	27,838
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		29,160
FUND BALANCE - ENDING		\$ <u>56,998</u>

#### City of Lincoln, Illinois NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April of each year, the Finance Committee of the City Council submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing that May 1.
- 2. A copy of the proposed budget is placed on file with the City Clerk and a date for public hearings is announced.
- 3. The budget is passed by City Council.
- 4. The appropriation is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- 5. After adoption of the appropriation, further appropriations are prohibited. Transfers from one appropriation of any fund to another appropriation of the same fund, not affecting the total amount appropriated, may be made subject to City Council approval.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as management control device during the year for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund.
- 7. The budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

City of Lincoln, Illinois
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
April 30, 2017

City of Lincoln, Illinois
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds	nue Funds	The second secon	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Internal Service	
REVENUES:	Library Parking Lot	New City Street Garage	Revolving Loan	Hotel/Motel Tax	Debt	Capital Projects	Equipment Rentals	Total
Property taxes	1 1 1 M	9	494	\$ 144,176	\$ 164,922	2,198	\$ 244,174 2,686 887	\$ 164,922 144,176 244,174 4,884 1,659
TOTAL REVENUES	33	138	494	144,201	165.034	2,198	247,747	559.815
EXPENDITURES: General government Capital Outlay	94 (8)	2,460,927	1 1	106,724	200	467,276	8,358	115,582 3,154,035
Principal interest	' "	114	,(()   <b>6</b>	74	163,000	00	133,368	296,368
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	'	2,460,927		106,724	168,390	467,276	373,702	3,577,019
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		( 2,460,789)	494	37,477	( 3356)	( 465,078)	(125,955)	( 3.017.204)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan proceeds	10 (E. 1	2,429,365		34.00	3000	498,000	195,832	195,832 498,000 2.429365
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	2,429,365		"	"	498,000	195,832	3,123,197
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	m	( 31,424)	464	37,477	(3,356)	32,922	778,69	105,993
FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING	5.875	34,099	261.257	21	17.625	212.522	385,004	916,403
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 5,878	\$ 2.675	\$ 261.751	S 37.498	\$ 14269	\$ 245,444	\$ 454.881	\$1,022,396

### City of Lincoln, Illinois COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION SEWER FUND April 30, 2017 and 2016

	Current Year Total	Prior Year Total
CURRENT ASSETS Assets		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ø 1 064 000	\$ 534,953
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,064,808 272,505	\$ 534,953 272,505
Accounts receivable	521,096	717,719
Prepaid expenses	•	3,560
r ishere exhamon montementementementementementementemente	-	
Total Current Assets	1,858,409	1,528,737
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Sewerage system	16,404,778	16,062,701
Less: Accumulated depreciation	( 9,230,351)	( 8,785,156)
	(	(
Net Capital Assets	7,174,427	7,277,545
TOTAL ASSETS	9,032,836	8,806,282
Liabilities and Net Position		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Notes and bonds payable - current portion	4,292	12
Notes and bonds payable - current portion	545,000	535,000
Total Current Liabilities	549,292	535,000
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Notes and bonds payable (less current portion)	3,370,000	3,915,000
Bond premium	75,777	86,602
•		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	3,445,777	4,001,602
TOTAL LIABILITIES.	3,995,069	4,536,602
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	3,183,650	2,740,943
Restricted	1,149,892	1,149,892
Unrestricted	704,225	378,845
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ <u>5,037,767</u>	\$ <u>4,269,680</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

#### City of Lincoln, Illinois

#### COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION SEWER FUND

For the Years Ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

	Current Year Total	Prior Year Total
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 3,107,319	\$ 3,031,311
Other income	7,834	9,087
Total Operating Revenues	3.115.153	3,040,398
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel service	81,310	74,448
Contractual maintenance	1,324,898	1,310,762
Supplies and materials	1 <b>2,566</b>	24,829
Other fees and charges	26,819	25,376
Depreciation	445,195	437,822
Repairs and maintenance	87,316	104,334
Office supplies	2,115	1 <b>,956</b>
Postage	15,962	15 <b>,880</b>
Telephone	735	826
Insurance	4,088	6,963
Facility utilities	252,790	243,068
Total Operating Expenses	2,253,794	2,246,264
Net Operating Income	861,359	794,134
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	1,528	986
Interest (expense)	( 94,800)	( 105,300)
Operating transfers in	641,375	641,875
Operating transfers (out)	(641,375)	( <u>641,875</u> )
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	( 93,272)	(104,314)
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	768,087	689,820
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	4,269,680	3,579,860
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ <u>5,037,767</u>	\$ <u>4,269,680</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATIONS, TAX RATES, EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS

For The Year Ended April 30, 2017

	2016	2015	2014
	Levy	Levy	Levy
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ <u>149,448,202</u>	\$ <u>149,091,862</u>	\$ <u>144,526,475</u>
TAX RATES			
General	.00170	.03524	.03635
Police protection	.04002	.04012	.04139
Fire Protection	.08425	.08445	.08712
Forestry	.03259	.03267	.03370
Firemen's pension	.28399	.28467	.28871
Firemen's spouse pension	.00052	.00052	.00054
Policemen's pension	.31457	.31532	.32123
I.M.R.F.	.09168	.09190	.09480
Emergency service	.00272	.00273	.00282
Public benefit	.03146	.03154	.03253
Liability insurance	.08481	.08501	.08770
Audit	.01169	.01172	.01209
Bonds	.11656	.11208	.12348
School crossing guard	.00442	.00443	.00457
Social Security	.06023	06038	.06228
Total	1.04413	1.19278	1.22931

(continued)

### City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATIONS, TAX RATES, EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS

	2016 Extended	2015 Extended	2014 Extended
TAX EXTENSIONS			
General	\$ 2,667	\$ 52,540	\$ 52,535
Police protection,	62,791	59,816	59,820
Fire Protection	132,187	125,908	125,911
Forestry	51,133	48,708	48,705
Firemen's pension	445,577	424,420	417,262
Firemen's spouse pension	816	775	780
Policemen's pension	493,557	470,116	464,262
I.M.R.F.	143,845	137,015	137,011
Emergency service	4,268	4,070	4,076
Public benefit	49,360	47,024	47,014
Liability insurance	133,066	126,743	126,750
Audit	18,341	17,474	17,473
Bonds	182,881	167,102	178,461
School crossing guard	6,935	6,605	6,605
Social Security	94,500	90,022	90,011
•		<del></del>	
Total Extended	\$ <u>1,821,924</u>	\$ <u>1,778,338</u>	\$ <u>1,776,676</u>
Total Collected		\$ <u>1,755,143</u>	\$ <u>1,750,587</u>
Percentage Collected		<u>99%</u>	<u>99%</u>
Road and Bridge Collection		\$ <u>73,297</u>	\$ <u>71.928</u>

### City of Lincoln, Illinois SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN For The Year Ended April 30, 2017

ASSESSED VALUATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016	\$ <u>149,448,202</u>
DEBT LIMITATION, 8.625% OF ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ 12,889,907
TOTAL DEBT	
General obligation bonds (refunding bond)\$ 498,000	
Tax increment financing general obligation (alternative revenue source) 2,195,000	
Notes payable	
3,114,223	
Less debt paid from other sources	)
	421,223
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN, APRIL 30, 2017	\$_12,468,684